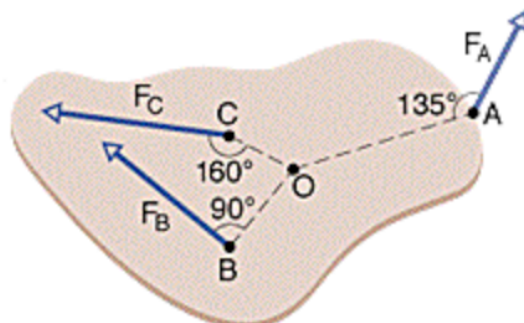


1. The angular position of a point on the rim of a rotating wheel is given by:

$$\theta = 9t - 2t^2 + t^3$$

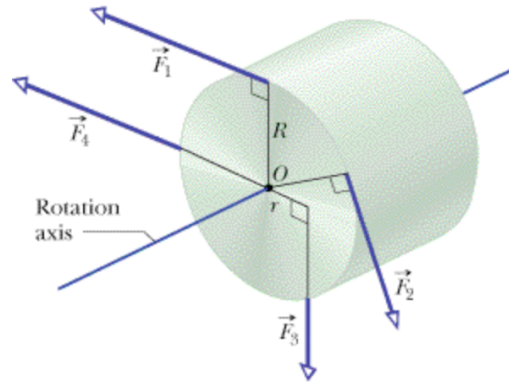
where θ is in radians and t is in seconds.

- What is the angular velocity at $t = 4$ [s]?
 - What is the angular velocity at $t = 6.0$ [s]?
 - What is the average angular acceleration for the time interval that begins at $t = 4$ [s] and ends at $t = 6.0$ [s]?
 - What is the instantaneous angular acceleration at the beginning of this time interval?
 - What is the instantaneous angular acceleration at the end of this time interval?
2. A force $F(t) = 4\sin(2t)$ [m/s] acts on an object for the time interval 1 [s] to 5 [s].
- What is the impulse that acts on the object?
 - If the mass of the object is 0.15 [kg], what is the change in velocity of the object? (use radian mode for trig functions)
3. The body in the figure is pivoted at O. Three forces act on it in the directions shown on the figure. $F_A = 11$ [N] at point A, 8.0 m from O. $F_B = 15$ [N] at point B, 4.0 [m] from O. $F_C = 17$ [N] at point C, 3.0 [m] from O. What is the net torque about the pivot point O? Assume clockwise to be positive.

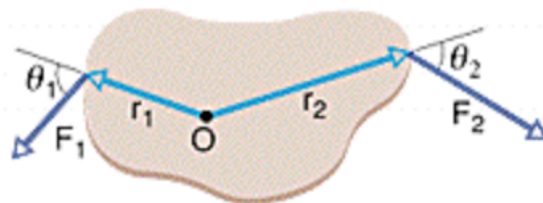


4. A certain one-dimensional conservative force is given as a function of x by the expression $F = -kx^4$, where F is in [N] and x is in [m]. What is the potential energy function for this force?

5. In the figure below a cylinder having a mass of 4 [kg] can rotate about its central axis through point O. Forces are applied as shown: $F_1 = 9$ [N], $F_2 = 6$ [N], $F_3 = 3$ [N], and $F_4 = 4$ [N]. Also, $r = 5$ [cm] and $R = 12$ [cm]. What is the net torque about the pivot point O? Assume clockwise to be positive.



6. The body in the figure below is pivoted at O, and two forces act on it as shown. Assume clockwise to be positive.



If $r_1 = 1.40$ [m], $r_2 = 2.14$ [m], $F_1 = 3.70$ [N], $F_2 = 5.31$ [N], $\theta_1 = 75.0^\circ$, and $\theta_2 = 60.0^\circ$, what is the net torque about the pivot point O?

HW Set 3 Answers

- 1a. 41 [rad/s]
1b. 93 [rad/s]
1c. 26 [rad/s²]
1d. 20 [rad/s²]
1e. 32 [rad/s²]
- 2a. 0.846 [Ns]
2b. 5.64 [m/s]
3. -19.7 [Nm] (negative implies counterclockwise net torque)
4. $U = kx^5/5 + C$ [J]
5. -0.21 [Nm] (negative implies counterclockwise net torque)
6. 4.84 [Nm] (positive implies clockwise net torque)